



# The New Zealand Gazette.

Published by Authority.

THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1863.

**A PROCLAMATION**

*Bringing the "Savings Bank Act, 1858," into operation at Napier.*

By His Excellency Sir **GEORGE GREY**, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

**I**N exercise of the power vested in me by the "Savings Bank Act, 1858." I, **SIR GEORGE GREY**, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do hereby proclaim that the "Napier Savings Bank" shall, from the date hereof, come within the operation of the said Act.

Given under my hand, at New Plymouth, and issued under the seal of the Colony of New Zealand, this eighteenth day of May, One thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,

**READER WOOD,**

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

**A PROCLAMATION**

*For the Naturalization of certain persons.*

By His Excellency Sir **GEORGE GREY**, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-

Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand, and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

**W**HEREAS by the "Naturalization Act, 1862," it is enacted that every person who shall be declared to come within the operation of that Act by any Proclamation to be issued in that behalf by His Excellency the Governor, shall as from the time in such Proclamation specified, be deemed and taken until the termination of the next Session of the General Assembly to be and to have been from such specified time a natural born subject of Her Majesty within the Colony of New Zealand, as fully to all intents and purposes, as if his name had been inserted in the Schedule to that Act annexed. Provided always that every such Proclamation shall contain the description, occupation or calling, of every person therein named, and his place of residence at the date of such Proclamation.

Now therefore, I, Sir George Grey, the Governor of New Zealand, in pursuance of the power and authority in me vested by the said Act, do hereby proclaim and declare that the persons hereinafter mentioned shall come within the operation of the said Act, from the dates hereinafter specified, viz. :—

**HINRICH KLAHN,**

From the thirty-first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, Native of Germany, restaurant keeper, residence Dunedin, in the Province of Otago.

**WILLIAM AUGUSTUS LINA.**

From the twenty-eighth day of February, one

thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, Native of Denmark, settler, residence Invercargill, in the Province of Southland.

HENRICH MUDLER,

From the thirty-first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, Native of Germany, settler, residence Invercargill, in the Province of Southland.

JOHN PFLUGER,

From the thirteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, Native of Germany, settler, residence Invercargill, in the Province of Southland.

GEORGE GOZAR,

From the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, Native of Italy, mariner, residence Auckland, Province of Auckland.

Given under my hand at New Plymouth, and issued under the Seal of the Colony of New Zealand, this twenty eighth day of May, in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,  
ALFRED DOMETT.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

#### A PROCLAMATION

*For the Naturalization of certain Persons.*

By His Excellency Sir GEORGE GREY, Knight Commander of the most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

WHEREAS by "The Naturalization Act, 1862," it is enacted that every person who shall be declared to come within the operation of that Act by any Proclamation to be issued in that behalf by His Excellency the Governor, shall, as from the time in such Proclamation specified, be deemed and taken until the termination of the next Session of the General Assembly, to be, and to have been from such specified time, a natural-born subject of Her Majesty, within the Colony of New Zealand, as fully to all intents and purposes as if his name had been inserted in the Schedule to that Act annexed: Provided always that every such Proclamation shall contain the description, occupation or calling of every person therein named, and his place of residence at the date of such Proclamation:

Now, therefore, I, Sir George Grey, the Governor of New Zealand, in pursuance of the power and authority in me vested by the said Act, do hereby proclaim and declare that the persons hereinafter mentioned shall come within the operation of the said Act from the date hereinafter specified, viz.:-

ALPHONSO EUGENE DITELY,

From the twenty-first day of May, one thou-

sand eight hundred and sixty-three, Native of France, cabinet-maker, residence Akaroa, in the Province of Canterbury.

ZELIE SLAVIE and ESTER DITELY,

Family of the above

Given under my hand, at Government House, at Auckland, and issued under the Seal of the Colony of New Zealand, this sixth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,

ALFRED DOMETT.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

#### A PROCLAMATION

*Disallowing the Auckland "Local Marine Board Act, 1863."*

By His Excellency Sir GEORGE GREY, Knight Commander of the most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

WHEREAS by an Act made and enacted in the Imperial Parliament holden in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to grant a Representative Constitution to the Colony of New Zealand," it is amongst other things enacted that whenever any Bill shall have been assented to by the Superintendent, as in the said Act provided, the Superintendent shall forthwith transmit to the Governor an authentic copy thereof, and it shall be lawful for the Governor, at any time within three months after any such Bill shall have been received by him, to declare by Proclamation his disallowance of such Bill; and that any such disallowance shall make void and annul the same from and after the day of the date of such Proclamation, or any subsequent day to be named therein:

And whereas the Ordinance hereinafter specified have been enacted by the Superintendent of the Province, of Auckland with the advice and consent of the Provincial Council thereof, and the said Ordinance was received by the Governor on the eighth day of May, One thousand eight hundred and sixty-three:

And whereas it is expedient that the said Ordinance should be disallowed:

Now, therefore, I, the Governor of New Zealand, in pursuance of the authority vested in me in that behalf by the said recited Act of Parliament, do hereby proclaim and declare my disallowance of the following Ordinance passed by the Superintendent and Provincial Council of the Province of Auckland, viz.:-

"Local Marine Board Act, 1863."

Given under my hand at Government House at Auckland, and issued under the Seal of the Colony of

New Zealand this eleventh day of June, in the year of Our Lord, One thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,

ALFRED DOMETT.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

ORDER IN COUNCIL,

*Establishing Regulations for the granting of Gold Mining Leases in the Province of Otago.*

G. GREY.

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT AUCKLAND,  
THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE, 1863.

Present:—

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is provided by the Gold-fields Act, 1858, that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council from time to time to make such Regulations, not being contrary to the provisions of the said Act, as he shall think fit, for regulating the granting of Leases for mining purposes, and the terms and conditions on which such Leases shall be granted, and such Regulations from time to time to alter and abolish.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor, in pursuance and exercise of the said recited power and authority, doth hereby, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, make the following Rules and Regulations for the granting of Leases for Gold Mining within the district of the Otago Gold-fields;

And doth further declare that this Order shall take effect from the 15th day of June, One thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

FORSTER GORING,

Clerk of Executive Council.

GOLD MINING LEASE REGULATIONS.

*What Lands may be leased.*

1. Auriferous Crown Lands in the Province of Otago may be leased under these Regulations, except;

(1.) The whole or any part of any land which any person other than the applicant is entitled to occupy and actually does occupy for mining purposes, or for residence, by virtue of a miner's right or business license.

(2.) The whole or any part of any land in or over which any person, other than the applicant, has any interest or authority other than those above mentioned, which he may lawfully use or exercise for mining purposes, or for discovering the existence of gold or other metal or mineral.

(3.) Lands containing within their boundaries any river, stream of permanent water, or spring, which may be required for public purposes or for the use of the miners generally.

2. *Boundaries of Land applied for to be defined.*

Persons intending to apply for a lease of Auriferous Crown Lands shall, previous to

making application as hereinafter directed, erect or cause to be erected at each angle of the land proposed to be leased, a post, three inches square, and standing at least three feet in height above the surface of the ground, and such posts shall be maintained at the expense of the applicant until the application shall have been granted or refused by the Governor.

3. *Mode of Application.*

Application shall be made in the form in the Schedule hereunto annexed marked A., and shall be addressed in duplicate to the Warden of the Gold Field within which the land so applied for is situated.

4. *Applicant to make a deposit.*

At the time of applying for such lease the applicant must deposit with the Warden the sum of twenty pounds (£20) as a guarantee for the payment of any expenses which may be incurred for the survey of the land applied for, or by reason of any objection to such application being allowed, and such Warden shall give to the applicant a receipt therefor, in the form in the Schedule hereunto annexed marked B., and any surplus which may remain over such expenses shall be returned to the applicant.

5. *Official Survey.*

Upon receipt of such application and deposit, the Warden aforesaid shall, as soon as may be, direct a Surveyor to proceed to the land applied for and to survey the same, and to report as to the area, boundaries and description thereof, the character of the ground, the likelihood of any river, creek, or permanent water spring, or artificial reservoir which may be included within the boundaries of the said land, being required for, or the feasibility of the same being applied to, public purposes, or for the use of the miners of the district generally, and also as to any claims to prior occupancy which shall come to his knowledge, enquiry as to which it shall be his duty to make, while making the said survey; and to furnish a plan of such land on a scale of sixteen inches to the mile, together with a tracing of so much of the general map of the district as will be sufficient to connect the particular area applied for with at least one trigonometrical station, or in the absence of any such, with some fixed point.

6. *Surveyor to affix notice.*

The Surveyor shall, at the time of making the survey hereinbefore directed, place a notice, in the form in Schedule hereunto annexed marked C., in some conspicuous place on the ground; and shall post a copy of such notice on the outside of the Warden's office.

7. *Priority of Application.*

In the event of more than one application being made for the same land, or any part thereof, such one of such applications as shall have been first left with the Warden shall be first considered; and in case any two or more of such applications shall be left with the Warden at the same time, it shall be in the discretion of the Governor to which of the applicants the lease shall be granted.

#### 8. *Objectors to give notice.*

Any person objecting to the issue of a lease so applied for, shall, within twenty-one days after the posting of the notice by the Surveyor, forward to the Warden full notice of all such objections, and shall (except in cases of encroachment) deposit the sum of Ten pounds (£10); and such warden shall give to the person making such deposit a receipt, in the form in the Schedule annexed marked D; as security for the due prosecution of his objections, and in satisfaction of any expenses to which the Applicant may be put by such objections if disallowed; and if such objections should not be prosecuted or should fail, so much of such Deposit shall be handed over to the applicant as may be necessary to repay the expenses of such Applicant; and the balance (if any) shall be refunded to the person so objecting.

#### 9. *Cases of Encroachment.*

When application shall have been made for a lease of any land, to the whole or any part of which any person other than the Applicant shall claim to be entitled by virtue of prior occupation under a miner's right or business license, the objection to the granting of such lease may be heard by the Warden in the same way as a case of encroachment under the Gold-Fields Act: and such Warden shall immediately report the hearing of any such objection, and the decision arrived at therein, to the Superintendent of the Province.

#### 10. *Enquiry into Application.*

After the expiration of twenty-one days allowed for objections, the Warden shall appoint a time and place for holding an enquiry into the truth of the particulars alleged by the applicant, and of the objections (if any) made by each objector, and two clear days' notice of the holding of such enquiry shall be given to each of the persons interested therein.

#### 11. *Proceedings at Enquiry.*

At such enquiry the Warden shall take evidence in relation to the application and objections, and immediately thereafter he shall forward to the office of the Provincial Secretary the application and objections, if any, thereto, and the evidence taken by him as aforesaid with his opinion thereon, together with the report, plan, and tracing furnished to him by the Surveyor as hereinbefore directed.

#### 12. *Governor to issue Leases.*

The Governor will, if he shall think fit, upon the recommendation of the Superintendent of Otago, issue to any Applicant a lease of the land applied for, or any part thereof, after the time prescribed by the seventh section of the Gold Fields Act, 1858; viz three months after notice of the intention to grant the same shall have been published in the Government Gazette, and at least one of the local newspapers best calculated, in the opinion of the Governor, to give publicity to the same amongst the persons specially interested.

#### 13. *Date of Lease.*

Every Lease will bear date the day of execution thereof by the Governor and will be transmitted to the Warden, at whose office the same may

be obtained, and the Warden shall deliver the same to the applicant, or such person as shall be duly authorised to receive and execute the same, upon his application therefor, and execution thereof, within the time hereinafter prescribed, and upon delivery to the Warden of a Receipt showing that a fee of one pound, together with the first half year's rent, has been paid to the Receiver of Land Revenue or Gold Receiver for the District.

#### 14. *Execution of Lease.*

Upon receiving the lease the Warden aforesaid shall cause notice to be given to the Lessee or Lessees requesting his or their attendance at the Warden's office, or other convenient place, to execute and take delivery thereof, within a reasonable time not exceeding Thirty days from the date of such notice, and should the said lessee or lessees or his or their lawful Attorney, as hereinafter provided for, fail to comply therewith, or to show reasonable cause for an extension of the time allowed for the purpose, the Warden shall report the circumstances to the Provincial Secretary, and the Superintendent may thereupon declare the lease forfeited, or take such other action therein as he may think fit.

#### 15. *Proceedings in case of refusal of Lease.*

If any lease so applied for shall be refused, either in the first instance, or after a failure to comply with the terms of the notice in the last preceding Section mentioned, or if any application for a lease shall be withdrawn, a notice thereof shall be published in the Government Gazette, and the Warden shall thereupon instruct a Mining Surveyor to proceed without delay to the ground, described in such Mining Lease, and cause all posts, notices, &c., by which such ground shall have been distinguished, as applied for under the leasing regulations, to be removed; and further to notify, for the information of the Miners in the vicinity, that such ground is open to persons holding Miners' Rights or Business Licenses or to Applicants for a Lease, as if no lease of the said ground had ever been applied for.

#### 16. *Costs.*

All costs and expenses incurred by, or on behalf of, or by direction of, the Government, by reason of the withdrawal of any application for Mining leases, or of the non-execution of any such lease within the time aforesaid, shall be considered expenses within the meaning of the second clause of these Regulations.

#### 17. *Term.*

The term of the lease cannot in any case exceed fifteen years.

#### 18. *Areas of Leases.*

The extent of any lease granted under these regulations shall be, except in special cases hereinafter provided for, on quartz lodes or veins, not less than one hundred (100) yards, nor more than four hundred (400) yards in length along the line of the lode, by a width of not less than fifty (50) yards, nor more than two hundred (200) yards measured across the lode; and in alluvial workings an area not exceeding ten (10) acres.

19. Rents.

The rents received shall in all cases be at the rate of five pounds per acre, and the said rents shall be made payable *half-yearly in advance*, during the entire term; and the day of the execution of the lease by the Governor shall be deemed to be the day upon which the first payment shall be due.

20. Special Cases.

In cases where it shall be shown that a departure from the foregoing areas or rents would, under special circumstances, be desirable, the same may be extended, diminished, or otherwise altered, and such covenants, conditions, and stipulations may be imposed, and such rents and royalties reserved, as may be considered necessary.

21. Attorney may be appointed.

In case of the inability of any lessee or lessees, by reason of absence, sickness, or any other lawful impediments, to execute a lease, the lawful Attorney or Attorneys of such lessee or lessees shall be permitted to execute such lease for and on his or their behalf.

22. Power of Attorney.

All such Attorneys shall be appointed under Power of Attorney, in the form, or to the effect, set forth in the schedule hereunto annexed marked E, and the execution thereof shall be attested by a Justice of the Peace, and every such Power of Attorney shall be registered in the office of the Registrar of Deeds before it shall be acted upon.

SCHEDULE B.

General remarks.	
Time of commencing operations.	
Term for which lease required.	
Precise locality.	
Proposed mode of working the land.	
Amount of capital proposed to be invested.	
Minimum number of men to be employed by the Lessee.	(1.) For the first months men. (2.) Subsequent when in full work men.
Extent of land applied for.	
Style under which it is intended to conduct the business.	
Name and address in full of applicant.	

SCHEDULE A.

(Form of Application for Lease.)

Place and Date.

To, \_\_\_\_\_

Sir,—I herewith deposit the sum of Twenty pounds as required by the Mining Leases Regulations of Otago, and I agree, if my application (the particulars of which are hereunder set forth) be investigated, that such sum shall in all respects be held subject to the terms of such regulations, and that upon the approval of this application, I will execute a lease upon the basis therein stated if the Governor shall think fit to grant the same.

I have, &c.,

Signature of Applicant.

(Form of Receipt for deposit with Warden.)

In the matter of the Application for a lease under the Mining Lease Regulations, received from the above named parties the sum of Twenty pounds, pursuant to the Regulations for leases of lands for Gold Mining.

Dated, &c.

Signature of Warden.

SCHEDULE C.

(Form of Notice to be posted by the Surveyor.)

To all persons whom it may concern  
I hereby give notice that  
residing at \_\_\_\_\_ did on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ apply to the Warden at \_\_\_\_\_ for a Gold Mining Lease of (acres or yards) of the land, which I have this day marked out, and that any person desiring to object to the issue of such lease, must within twenty-one clear days from the date of this notice, forthwith enter his objection at the office of the said Warden. And I further give notice that the said land is

exempted from occupation for any purpose whatsoever until the application of the aforesaid has been finally dealt with.

Signature of Surveyor.  
Dated the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_

SCHEDULE D.

(Form of Receipt for deposit with Warden.)

In the matter of the Application of  
for a lease under the Mining Lease Regulations,  
and of objections thereto lodged by A.B.C.D.  
&c.

Received from  
the sum of Ten (10) pounds, pursuant to the  
regulations for leases of Crown Lands for Gold  
Mining.

Dated, &c.

(Signed) Warden.

J.K. } Names of Applicants, and Addresses.  
L.M. }

SCHEDULE E.

Know all men by these presents, that I, A.B.  
(or we A.B. and C.D.) do hereby make, nominate,  
constitute and appoint, and in my (or our)  
place and stead put E.F. of (residence and  
addition) to be my (or our) true and lawful  
attorney for me (or us) and in my name (or  
our names) to accept the lease of auriferous  
Crown Land for mining purposes for which I  
(or we) on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18\_\_\_\_  
applied, and the deed of which was on the  
day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18\_\_\_\_ executed by His  
Excellency the Governor, and for me (or us)  
and in my name (or our names) and as my (or  
our) act and deed to sign seal and deliver such  
deed of lease, and for me (or us) and in my  
name (or our names) to enter into all such  
covenants and agreements as I (or we) shall be  
required to enter into in and by said deed or  
otherwise, in the matter of said lease, and generally  
for me (or us) and in my name (or our  
names) to do execute and perform all such other  
acts, deeds, and things as may be necessary or  
may be required to be done executed or per-  
formed in and about the acceptance and exe-  
cution respectively for me (or us) and in my  
name (or our names) of such lease and deed of  
lease respectively, and I (or we) do hereby  
ratify and confirm and covenant that I (or we)  
will ratify and confirm all and whatsoever the  
said E.F. shall lawfully do or cause to be done  
in or about the premises by virtue of this  
power.

In witness whereof, &c.

N.B.—Printed copies of the forms in these  
schedules will be issued at the Wardens' office  
free of expense.

ORDER IN COUNCIL,

Establishing Regulations for Gold Mining  
on the Coromandel Gold Field.

G. GREY.

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT AUCKLAND,  
THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE, 1863.

Present:—

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is provided by the "Gold  
Fields Act, 1858," that it shall be law-  
ful for the Governor in Council, subject to the  
provisions of the said Act, to make Rules and  
Regulations relating to the terms and condi-  
tions upon which Miners' Rights shall be  
granted, and the forms of such Miners' Rights,  
and of Licences and Leases to be issued under  
the said Act, and the modes, times, and places  
of issue thereof; and also touching the extent  
and position of any claim, and the conditions  
under which it shall be worked, held, assigned,  
or forfeited, the application and use of ma-  
chinery; and all such other Rules and Regu-  
lations relating to the mining, under Miners'  
Rights or otherwise, in any Gold Field, as he  
may deem most beneficial.

Now therefore His Excellency the Governor,  
in pursuance and exercise of the said recited  
power and authority, Doth hereby, with the  
advice and consent of the Executive Council of  
the Colony of New Zealand, Make the follow-  
ing Rules and Regulations for the conduct of  
Gold Mining within the District of the Coro-  
mandel Gold Field.

And Doth further Declare that this Order  
shall take effect from the 15th day of June.  
One thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

FORSTER GORING,  
Clerk of Executive Council.

RULES AND REGULATIONS  
OF THE  
COROMANDEL GOLD FIELDS.

Interpretation.

Wherever the term "Commissioner" is  
used in these Regulations, it shall be under-  
stood to mean the Commissioner, Warden, or  
Resident Magistrate, or any other officer  
entrusted with the superintendence of the  
gold field or any portion of it, and holding a  
commission or appointment duly empowering  
him to have charge thereof. The words  
"miner," "person," and "claim," shall be  
read as both singular and plural.

The word "miner," as used in these Regu-  
lations, shall mean an "authorized person"  
being the holder of a "Miners' Right," and  
no other.

The word "claim" shall be taken to apply  
to any authorized holding, but generally to  
claims held under Miner's Rights.

Issue of Miners' Rights.

1. Miners' Rights shall be issued by an  
officer specially authorized in that behalf  
by the Governor, on payment of a fee of  
One Pound. Such Miner's Right to be  
carried on the person, and not transferable.  
*Miners' Rights to be shown when demanded.*

2. Every holder of a Miner's Right must  
exhibit the same on demand of any officer  
duly authorized, or of any person holding a  
Miner's Right.

*On refusal to show Miner's Right, the  
owner to lose protection.*

3. Every holder of a Miner's Right re-  
fusing to exhibit it when demanded by any

authorized person shall not be entitled to any protection in the possession of his claim.

*Extent and position of Claim.*

4. The extent of ground that may be occupied by any person holding a Miner's Right shall be, whether for sinking, surface digging, river working, or cradling, or for sluicing on ground or plank, or for mining on quartz reefs:—

	feet square.
For shallow sinking under 30 ft. deep	30
“ deep “ from 30ft. to 50 ft.	40
“ “ “ from 50 to 100 ft.	50
“ “ “ from 100 to 150 ft.	55
“ “ “ from 150 ft. upwards	60
“ quartz-mining, 50 ft. along the reef by 150 feet on each side from the centre of the reef	
“ river mining, 36 ft. frontage, with 12 feet of each bank allowed for the convenience of forming races, but which may be worked throughout. A wall of 6 feet to be left between such banks and any adjoining claim.	

5. The Commissioner may grant a double claim for alluvial or river mining on ground which has been already worked.

*Space left between Claims.*

6. A space or wall of 3 feet in breadth for shallow sinking, and 6 feet for deep, must be left between the boundaries of adjoining claims which shall continue in its natural state. On special application, any number of alluvial claims may be united, half in front and half in rear; and in such case, the partition between such united claims and the next, shall be six feet in width.

7. The wall being the common property of the claim holders between whose claims such wall may be situated, no party shall take down, mine into, or remove any such wall without obtaining the consent in writing thereto of the owners of adjoining claims. But the party so working or removing the said wall must secure the ground by placing props with good and sufficient caps and sole pieces, not more than 3 feet apart along the entire length of the wall so worked or removed. But in case that some of the claim holders refuse to divide the wall with the owners of the adjoining claim, the final decision shall rest with the Warden.

8. Any person taking up a claim shall do so immediately adjoining a previous one, with the usual passage, or leave at least a complete claim and passage between.

*Claims to be staked out.*

9. Every claim must be distinctly marked by pegs driven firmly into the ground, one at each corner thereof, and standing at least two feet above the surface of the ground, and all to be kept clearly visible so long as the claim is occupied; provided, that when any corner cannot be so marked on account of the nature of the ground, such peg be fixed at the nearest practicable point.

All Reef claims are required to be marked off, due North and South, on the

supposed course of the reef; and the width of 150 feet on each side of it, to be taken East and West. All boundaries on forest land to be well marked on the nearest large trees, and their distance from the pegs noted down, so as to prevent future trespass or litigation.

All claims of whatever kind are required to be surveyed, as soon as possible, under instructions from the Commissioner, and at the cost of the claimants, by a Surveyor approved by the Government. A Plan of such survey to be lodged in the Commissioner's office. Any claims left unsurveyed, without a sufficient reason, will receive no protection in case of disputes arising as to their boundaries.

No fossicking or surface digging will be allowed on another man's claim. Everything found within the parallels of such a claim shall belong, without restriction, to its owners.

No person shall remove any peg from a claim in the occupation of any other person, nor deface, destroy, or remove any notice posted in accordance with the Gold Field Regulations, nor interfere with any mark or boundary.

*Rewards for Prospecting.*

10. Persons who discover available lands for mining shall be entitled to occupy in addition to their own individual claims.

If not more than two persons, one claim,  
If more than two persons, two claims:

Any first comer on a new line of reef, or taking up ground half a mile a-head on the same line as that already occupied by other miners, shall be entitled to mark out a prospecting claim which shall be confirmed to him by the Warden, on the discovery of payable gold, a fact to be ascertained by the Warden himself.

*Amalgamation of Claims.*

11. The Warden may, upon sufficient cause being shown, permit the amalgamation of any adjoining claims (but not exceeding in the whole the extent of ground allowed for 24 persons, when taken in a line, or for 32 persons, when taken in a block) upon such terms and conditions as he may consider necessary to secure the effectual working thereof; Provided that seven clear days' notice, in writing, in the form hereinafter set forth, shall be given to the Warden by the persons desiring to amalgamate such claims; and copies of such notices shall be posted on each of the claims which it is proposed to amalgamate for a like period of seven clear days, at the expiration whereof the Warden may proceed to issue a Certificate of Registration.

*Form of Notice.*

No. (District and date.)  
We hereby give notice that we desire to amalgamate our claims, situate at (here state locality), for the more efficient working thereof; and we declare that the following particulars are true in every respect.

Signatures in full of each person.	Numbers of Miner's Rights.	Number of claims proposed to be amalgamated.	Class of claims.	Area of claim held by each party.

*Rights of Servants vested in Employers during Service.*

12. If any person holding a Miner's right shall hire himself to any employer for wages, the right to occupy the claim of such hired servant shall vest in the employers during the period of such service.

*Claims not to be forfeited by neglect of hired Workmen.*

No claim, right, or privilege shall be deemed to be forfeited through the neglect or absence of any hired servant employed thereon; Provided that if, after seven days' notice in writing of such neglect or absence has been given to the owner or holder thereof (either personally or by leaving the same at his last known place of residence), such neglect or absence is continued, any such claim, right, or privilege shall be deemed absolutely relinquished.

*Copies of written agreements to be lodged with the Commissioner.*

13. When any mining partnership is entered into by a written agreement, a copy of such agreement to be lodged in the office of the Commissioner when required.

*Road and Water Rights to be respected.*

14. If a cart track shall have been formed over any abandoned claim, such track shall not be destroyed or obstructed by any person intending to re-work the ground, unless they shall previously make another track in lieu thereof.

15. If any person shall take possession of unoccupied ground over which water escapes from an occupied claim, he shall not obstruct the flow thereof so as to throw it back upon the claim from which it escapes. But any miner, with the consent of the Commissioner, may lead water through or over an occupied claim, whether such claim is held under a Miner's Right, License, or Lease; provided that such water shall not be led in such a manner as to injuriously affect the interests of the occupier of any such claim, but shall be subject to the approval of the Commissioner, and be done in such a way as to be fair to all persons concerned.

16. Any person, with the consent of the Commissioner, may lay bare the bed of any river, either by diverting the stream or by other means; but ground intended to be so

laid bare must be marked off by stakes, and the stream returned into its natural channel immediately below the workings without detriment or damage to any claims adjacent.

17. No person shall obstruct, nor in any manner interfere with, such workings either in progress or completed: nor do anything to prevent the object proposed to be accomplished thereby.

18. If any person shall fell any tree or timber, either intentionally or by undermining, or other means, he shall remove it beyond the reach of floods, so that it may not be drifted down any stream. If any person shall fell timber on to an adjoining claim so as to cause an obstruction, he shall, on demand of the occupier of such claim, immediately remove the same. Mill dams, however, in present use, are required to be respected; and all disputes arising on the same to be specially decided by the Commissioner.

*Right to Surplus Ground on Creek Claims*

19. If more ground shall be laid bare than the number of Miners' Rights held by the party shall entitle them to occupy, they shall be allowed one week from a notice thereof by the Commissioner to place thereon as many holders of Miners' Rights as they shall think fit; after which time any Miner may occupy the surplus ground if there then remain any, paying to the party who constructed the works a fair proportion of the expense incurred in diverting the stream. In the event of a dispute arising as to the amount to be paid, it shall be lawful for the Commissioner, in conjunction with the Assessors, to award such sum or sums to be paid, as may seem to them, or any two of them (and of whom the said Commissioner shall always be one) to be justly due to the persons who constructed the works.

*Right of Road over Claims.*

20. Upon any four or more persons applying for a road or crossing-place over any gully, creek, quartz reef, tail race, or other obstruction, and guaranteeing that they will make the same if sanctioned, the Commissioner shall determine whether or not such road or crossing place is necessary, and shall make such order relative thereto as he may deem requisite; and no person shall in any way resist the making of any such road or crossing place after its formation shall have been authorised by the Commissioner. Provided that when a road shall have been formed on an occupied claim it shall be lawful for the holder or holders of such claim to work the ground over or through which the road passes, if he or they previously construct another road, in lieu thereof, and equivalent in value or usefulness to that proposed to be worked by him or them.

*Discontinuing Working of Claim, the same to be forfeited.*

21. No Miner or party of Miners shall at

one and the same time hold more than one claim, proportionate to the number, or hold any claim in reserve or non-worked beyond the space of 48 hours; and such proceeding will be considered as a relinquishment of right to any claim, however much previously worked, unless sufficient reason, such as sickness or some other urgent cause, can be shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner on the claim becoming a subject of dispute. But the Commissioner may, at his discretion, suspend for seven days the operation of this regulation, as regards the period during which a claim may remain unworked or in reserve; but in such cases the suspension shall be given in writing.

*"Shepherding" forbidden.*—No person shall be deemed to possess a valid title to any claim unless the same shall be fairly worked during the entire period of occupancy.

*The Registration, &c., of Claims.*

22. If any person shall satisfy the Commissioner that he has reasonable cause for longer discontinuance than seven days, the Commissioner may register his claim, and such protection as aforesaid shall be granted to him upon such registration, for a term not exceeding three months.

23. Permission to retain a claim unworked may be granted by the Warden, or any person duly authorised, and the same shall be thereon registered for three months, during which time he shall be entitled to occupy a claim elsewhere. Such registration may be once renewed. The causes for which a claim shall be registered under this regulation shall be—

(1.) Any claim having been proved to the satisfaction of the Commissioner to have been worked by the party wishing to register for at least three months, no payable quartz having been obtained from the claim for at least one month previous.

(2.) Sickness.

(3.) Any claim which is sunk and worked to the water, the party being unable to overcome the same, the adjoining claims not being down to the water.

(4.) Any claim the holder of which intends to procure machinery for quartz-crushing, or water-bailing, during the term of registration.

*Application.*

24. Application for permission to register must be made by a majority of the shareholders in writing to the Commissioner, stating—

(1.) Date of application.

(2.) Situation of the reef, and locality of the claim.

(3.) Reasons for registering.

*Certificate.*

25. A Certificate of Registration shall be given to the applicant by the Commissioner, stating the reasons for which the claim is registered.

*Assigning False Reasons.*

26. Any party assigning any of the reasons

above named, such not being true, shall not be protected in the possession of the claim by such registration.

*Claims—How to be Worked.*

27. Any reef claim of 400 feet, held by eight men, must be worked regularly every day by at least four of the party until payable quartz is found, when the full number of members shall be employed on the claim.

The claims of six are to be worked by three, those of eight by four, and so on in the same ratio.

*Names to be kept posted.*

28. The names of the working party must always be kept posted on some conspicuous part of the claim. This regulation to apply to reef mining and deep alluvial sinking.

*Taking possession of forfeited claims.*

29. Any holder of a Miner's Right may take possession of a claim supposed to be forfeited by its last occupant. Provided, that if it shall be found, upon reference to the Commissioner, that the claim had not been legally forfeited, the Commissioner shall replace such occupant in possession.

*Transfers of Claims.*

30. Claims may be transferred to any authorised person, but such transfer shall not be legal until it has been registered in the office of the Commissioner. The fee for registering the transfer of any claim shall be five shillings for every claim so registered.

*Tunnelling.*

31. Any miner or company of miners wishing to cut a tunnel for quartz reef through unoccupied ground, shall be allowed 20 feet in breadth as a protection for their tunnel, for any necessary distance outside the parallel boundary of their quartz claim, and also a space of 60 feet square at the mouth of the tunnel, on which to deposit quartz or other substances.

All such cases to be decided by the Warden.

*Conclusion.*

32. The regulation of all other operations and proceedings connected with the proper working of the gold field shall be left to the discretion and judgment of the Commissioner, until otherwise provided for.

*Penalty for Breach of Regulations.*

33. Every person committing any breach, whether of omission or commission, of any of the above rules and regulations, will be liable to the penalties set forth in Clause Thirty-Two of the Gold Fields Act, 1858, namely: for the first offence, a fine of any sum not exceeding ten pounds, and for the second or any subsequent offence, not exceeding twenty pounds.

34. One half of the penalty recovered, on conviction of selling fermented or spirituous liquors without a license, to be paid to the informer, or in case of his being a Government servant, to be applied in such a way as the Governor may direct

*Licenses.*

35. No liquor licenses to be granted for the occupation of native lands unless to the Crown, except with the consent of the native owners, and on the recommendation of the Resident Magistrate.

36. Every person engaged in trade or business of any kind within the limits of the gold field, shall obtain from the Commissioner a business license, for which he shall pay the sum of five pounds (£5) annually, and shall be entitled to occupy an allotment of land, the size of which shall be left to the discretion of the Commissioner.

37. Every holder of a wholesale license for the sale of fermented or spirituous liquors in quantities not less than two gallons, shall pay a fee for the same of twenty pounds (£20). Such license to remain in force for the period of twelve months from the date of issue.

38. Every holder of a retail license for the sale of fermented and spirituous liquors in any quantity shall pay a fee for the same, as fixed by the Governor. The holders of business or liquor licenses shall, if so required by the Resident Magistrate, be sworn in as special constables.

39. All business licenses may be withdrawn and cancelled by the Commissioner, upon proof to his satisfaction of a breach of the regulations of such gold field, or of any disorderly conduct upon the premises held under such licenses; and all liquor licenses, whether wholesale or retail, may be so withdrawn or cancelled by His Excellency the Governor, or his deputy, on the recommendation of the Resident Magistrate.

40. All business premises of whatsoever kind, shall be subject to the same inspection as is provided under the "Licensing Act."

*Table of Fees.*

	£.	s.	d.
Business License ...	5	0	0
Wholesale Spirit License ...	20	0	0
Retail Spirit License ...	...	...	...
Miner's Right ...	1	0	0
Registering Written Agreement	0	10	0
Registering Transfer of Claim	0	5	0

*Fees in Wardens' Court.*

	£.	s.	d.
Hearing by consent, without previous Summons, including Adjudication ...	1	0	0
Summons, Hearing, and Adjudication ...	1	10	0
Juryman's pay, per diem ...	0	7	0
Mileage, for every mile over ten which the Commissioner shall travel to hear any case	0	2	0

*All Fees to be pre-paid.*

\*\* The following Sections of the Gold Fields Act, 1858, of the Licensing Act, and of the Sale of Spirits Ordinance, are appended for general information:—

XXVIII. Any person not being the holder of a miner's right or of a lease under this Act, who shall mine for

gold upon any proclaimed Gold Field, and any person who shall employ any such unauthorised person so to mine, and any person not being the holder of a miner's right, license, or lease, duly empowering him in that behalf, and not being an authorised person within the meaning of this Act, who shall occupy any waste lands in or become resident upon or at any proclaimed gold field, shall be liable to the penalties following, that is to say:—For the first offence, a sum not exceeding five pounds; for the second or any subsequent offence a sum not exceeding ten pounds nor less than five pounds.

XXIX. Any person who shall knowingly mine or employ any person to mine for gold on any land belonging to a private individual, without the consent of the owner thereof, or his duly authorised agent, shall be subject to the like penalties as are mentioned in the last preceding clause.

XXX. If any person shall forge or alter any "miner's right," license, lease, or other document issued under the authority of this Act, with intent to defeat the provisions thereof, or to defraud any person whomsoever, shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and on conviction thereof before any Court of competent jurisdiction, shall be subject to fine or imprisonment, with or without hard labour, not exceeding three years, or both, at the discretion of the Court.

XXXI. If any person shall use or exhibit any forged Miner's right, license, or lease, issued or purporting to be issued under the authority of this Act, knowing the same to be forged; or if any person shall fraudulently personate the holder of any such Miner's right, license, or lease, or shall falsely and fraudulently represent that any servant or other person is an authorised person within the meaning of this Act, or shall fraudulently use or exhibit as his own any Miner's right, license, or lease, belonging to or granted to any other person, or shall use or exhibit as a valid Miner's right, license, or lease, which shall have expired, he shall be liable to a penalty for every such offence not exceeding fifty pounds.

XXXII. Every person committing any breach, whether of omission or commission, of any of the rules or regulations, made under the authority of this Act, shall for every such breach be liable to a fine or penalty not exceeding ten pounds for the first offence, and twenty pounds for any second or subsequent offence.—*Gold Fields Act, 1858.*

*On Persons Selling without License.*

XXXVII. If any person, not being duly licensed, shall sell any quantity of any fermented or spirituous liquor, or permit the same to be sold in or upon his house or premises, he shall forfeit and pay, for every such offence, the sum of fifty pounds, to be recovered in a summary way.—*Licensing Act.*

*Supplying Spirits to Natives.*

1. Be it therefore enacted by the Lieu-

tenant-Governor of New Zealand, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, that it shall not be lawful for any person whomsoever, either to sell, or to supply, or to give any spirituous liquor or mixed liquor, part whereof is spirituous, in any quantity whatever, to any person of the Native race.—*Sale of Spirits Ordinance.*

*Penalty for so doing.*

III. If any person shall supply or give any such spirituous liquor, wine, or fermented liquor, contrary to the provisions of this Ordinance, he shall forfeit and pay for any such offence any sum not exceeding ten pounds, to be recovered in a summary way, over and above any penalty which may be incurred for the sale of any such liquor without a license. — *Sale of Spirits Ordinance.*

ORDER IN COUNCIL

*Defining certain Reserves in the Province of Auckland.*

G. GREY.

At the Government House at Auckland, the 15th day of June, 1863.

Present:—

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, by the "Waste Lands Act, 1858," it is provided that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council at any time and from time to time to except from sale and reserve to Her Majesty, or dispose of in such other manner as for the public interest may seem best, such of the Waste Lands of the Crown in any of the Provinces of New Zealand as may be required for the purposes of Military Defence, or for the construction of Trunk Lines of road, or as sites for Public Buildings for the use of the General Government, or for other purposes of public utility or convenience: Now therefore, His Excellency the Governor, with the Advice and Consent of the Executive Council of New Zealand, Doth hereby Except from sale, and Reserve to the use of Her Majesty, the parcel of land described in the Schedule hereunto annexed.

And His Excellency the Governor Doth hereby Notify to the Superintendent of the Province of Auckland that the land defined in the Schedule hereto has been reserved in terms of the Act before cited.

FORSTER GORING,  
Clerk of Executive Council.

SCHEDULE.

All those Allotments or parcels of land situate in the Parish of Mangatawhiri in the County of Eden, being the Allotments of the Town of Havelock; numbered as follows on the plan of the said Town, viz.,—Allotments numbered two and five, of section numbered two; allotments numbered two and three, of section numbered three; Allotments numbered two, three, eleven, thirteen, and fourteen of section numbered four; Allotments numbered five and six, of section numbered six; Allotment numbered four, of section numbered nine; and Allotments numbered five and

six, of section numbered ten,—containing by admeasurement ten acres three roods and seven perches, be the same more or less.

Also, all that Allotment situate in the County and Parish aforesaid, and being the Country Section numbered fifty-four on the map of the said Parish of Mangatawhiri, containing by admeasurement twelve acres, be the same more or less.

Also, all those other Allotments situate in the County and Parish aforesaid, and being the Country Sections numbered sixty-seven and sixty-eight on the map of the said Parish of Mangatawhiri, containing by admeasurement three hundred and twenty-nine acres, be the same more or less.

*Warrant Appointing Polling Places.*

By His Excellency Sir GEORGE GREY, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME, GREETING:—

WHEREAS by an Act of the General Assembly, intituled "The Regulation of Elections Act, 1858," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor by Warrant under his hand from time to time, to appoint Polling Places for each Electoral District within or without the limits thereof, and to appoint any one of such places to be the Principal Polling Place for the District, and all or any of such Polling Places at any time to abolish, and to appoint other Polling Places in lieu thereof. And whereas by another Act of the General Assembly, intituled "The Provincial Elections Act, 1858," it is enacted that, subject to certain provisions therein contained, every Election of the Superintendent or of a Member of the Provincial Council of a Province shall be conducted in the manner prescribed by "The Regulation of Elections Act, 1858," aforesaid, and all the provisions of the said last mentioned Act shall apply to the Elections of Members of Provincial Councils.

Now know Ye, that I, Sir GEORGE GREY, the Governor of the said Colony, in pursuance of the power and authority in me vested by the said Acts, do hereby appoint the following places to be Polling Places for the Districts hereinafter specified, for the Election of Members of the Provincial Council of the Province of Hawke's Bay, namely,

*Town of Napier,—*

The Resident Magistrate's Court House,  
Napier.

*Napier Country District,—*

Mr. H. S. Tiffin's Barn, Green Meadows.  
Mr. Grey's House, Pekapeka.  
School house, Petane.

- Clive*,—  
 Mr. Ferguson's Store, Clive.  
 Mr. Bourke's Store, Havelock.
- Te Aute*,—  
 Rev. J. William's Woolshed, Te Aute.  
 Court House, Waipawa.  
 Mr. Oliver's Woolshed, Doonside Maraekakaho.
- Waimarama*,—  
 Mr. E. S. Curling's Woolshed, Oere.  
 Mr. Nairn's Woolshed, Pourerere.
- Waipukurau*,—  
 Mr. Purvis Russell's Woolshed, Woburn.  
 Mr. Tucker's Woolshed, Ashcott.  
 Mr. Tanner's Out station, Hampden.
- Porangahau*,—  
 Messrs. Hunter's Woolshed, Porangahau.  
 Mr. Ormond's Woolshed, Wallingford.
- Mohaka*,—  
 Messrs. Frame and Richardson's House,  
 Mohaka.

And I do further appoint the Polling Places hereinafter specified to be the principal Polling Places for such Districts, namely:—

- Town of Napier*,—  
 Resident Magistrate's Court House, Napier.
- Napier Country District*,—  
 Mr. H. S. Tiffin's Barn, Green Meadows.
- Clive*,—  
 Mr. Ferguson's Store, Clive.
- Te Aute*,—  
 Rev. J. William's Woolshed, Te Aute.
- Waimarama*,—  
 Mr. E. S. Curling's Woolshed, Oere.
- Waipukurau*,—  
 Mr. Purvis Russell's Woolshed, Woburn.
- Porangahau*,—  
 Messrs. Hunter's Woolshed, Porangahau.
- Mohaka*,—  
 Messrs. Frame and Richardson's House,  
 Mohaka.

Given under my hand, at Government House, at Auckland, this sixth day of June, in the year of Our Lord, One thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,  
 ALFRED DOMETT.

*Despatch from Officer Commanding the Troops at New Plymouth.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
 Auckland, 15th June, 1863.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to direct the following Despatch, with its enclosures, from the Lieutenant-General Commanding at New Plymouth, to be published for general information.

ALFRED DOMETT.

Head Quarters,  
 New Plymouth,  
 June 9th, 1863.

SIR,—I have the honor to report for the

information of Your Excellency that the rebel Natives having collected in considerable numbers, reported to be 600, about 15 miles from New Plymouth on the left bank of the Katikara river, which forms the boundary of the European land in that direction, and runs within a few hundred yards of St. George's Redoubt on the Tataraimaka block, I decided upon crossing the river, and attacking their position, as it appeared likely from the care with which they had fortified it that they intended to make a stand, and that a favorable opportunity would thus be afforded of striking a decisive blow.

I accordingly marched out of New Plymouth at 9 o'clock on the night of the 3rd instant, with nearly the whole of the regular troops forming the garrison of the town, and proceeded towards the Katikara river. In order that the march might not be impeded, the guns, mortars, and reserve ammunition had been sent on a few hours before, under a strong escort, and no tents or baggage of any kind were allowed to accompany the column. The officers and men carried each a blanket, and a day's provisions cooked. The column having been joined on the line of march by detachments of the 57th regiment from the outposts, arrived at St. George's Redoubt a little before 4 o'clock on the morning of the 4th instant. The strength and composition of the Force thus assembled, including the garrison of the redoubt, are shown in the margin.

Rank and File.	Drummers.	Sergts.	Staff.	Subalterns.	Cpts.	Field Officers.	Distribution.	Totals
... .. 113	... .. 2	1 ... .. 6	... .. 1	... .. 3	... .. 1	5	General Staff ... ..	...
... .. 13	... ..	... ..	... ..	... .. 2	... ..	...	Medical Staff ... ..	...
... .. 1	... ..	... ..	... ..	... .. 8	... ..	...	Commissariat Staff ... ..	...
... .. 368	... ..	... .. 18	... .. 3	... .. 2	... .. 3	2	Royal Artillery ... ..	...
... .. 77	... ..	... .. 9	... .. 1	... .. 2	... .. 1	...	Royal Engineers ... ..	...
... .. 209	... ..	... .. 4	... .. 1	... .. 6	... .. 3	1	40th Regiment ... ..	...
... .. 5	... ..	... .. 12	... .. 1	... ..	... .. 1	...	57th Regiment ... ..	...
771	15	42	7	21	9	8	65th Regiment ... ..	...
							70th Regiment ... ..	...
							Transport Corps ... ..	...
							Totals	771

Before leaving New Plymouth, I had arranged with Capt. Mayne, R.N., that H.M.S. *Eclipse* should be at the mouth of the Katikara river before daybreak, ready to co-operate in the attack.

I had found it very difficult to obtain accurate information regarding the points where the river could be most easily crossed, and it was also impossible by observation from St. George's Redoubt, to ascertain the exact nature of the enemy's defences. The left bank of the river was about 60 or 70 feet high, everywhere very steep, and in some places covered with high fern. The main road leading from St. George's Redoubt across the mouth of the river to the left of the enemy's position was known to be strongly defended by a line of rifle pits half way up the left bank of the river, and as this road passed through a large patch of flax bushes when it reached the table land, it appeared difficult to force the position at that point.

I was informed by Mr. Bayley, a New Plymouth settler, that about 600 yards above the ford at the mouth of the river, there was another ford, and a track by which the left bank could be easily ascended. Higher up the river, on a commanding point about 600 yards to our left of this ford, and 400 yards from the bank of the river, the enemy had enclosed some wharres with a kind of redoubt, consisting of a parapet and rifle pits, which appeared to be his principal work; and between this and the main road, the position was defended at various points by lines of rifle pits. A prisoner, captured a few days before, had reported that a kainga, or village, about a mile down the coast, was also entrenched.

The plan of attack which I considered best adapted to this state of things, was to pass the 57th Regiment across the river under cover of the guns at the last-mentioned ford, to detach the two leading parties of the "advance," as soon as they reached the top of the bank, to turn the rifle pits and flax bushes at the road. The third party of the "advance" to extend to its front to protect this movement; and the main body of the Regiment to show a front to the left towards the redoubt, so as to keep the enemy in check. The remainder of the force (with the guns and mortars, if necessary) to cross the mouth of the river as soon as the defences of the road were turned, and to advance to support the main body of the 57th in the attack of the redoubt, and afterwards of the kainga.

These arrangements were successfully carried out. Soon after daybreak, having given all the instructions necessary to Col. Warre, C.B., of the 57th Regiment, and the officers commanding the three parties

of the "advance," as well as to Captain Mercer, Royal Artillery, I directed Colonel Warre to move the 57th up the river, and to place it opposite the ford by which it was to cross. Captain Mercer followed with the three Armstrong guns, which he placed in position a little to the right of the 57th Regiment. I posted the detachment 65th and 70th Regiments, under the command of Major Mulock, in rear of St. George's Redoubt, ready to cross the river at any point when ordered. The 70th threw out a line of skirmishers to the edge of the bank of the river, to check any attempt the enemy might make to interfere with the passage. The *Eclipse* stationed herself as close to the mouth of the river as her draught of water would permit.

At a quarter before 7 o'clock everything being ready, and the preconcerted signal having been given, Captain Mercer's half battery, and the *Eclipse*, opened fire upon the enemy's position, throwing shell with great precision and effect, into his principal work. After a few rounds the 57th crossed the river, and ascending the left bank with some difficulty gained the plateau without opposition; the two leading parties then wheeled quickly to the right, without replying to the musketry fire opened upon them from the rifle pits in every part of the enemy's position, and under the immediate direction of Colonel Warre, moved rapidly to the rear of the rifle pits, and flax bushes on the road, which the enemy hastily abandoned, retreating in the greatest confusion towards the kainga, closely pursued by the two parties. When I perceived these parties turning the defences of the road, I moved the 65th and 70th across the mouth of the river, ascended the left bank without opposition, and pushed them on towards the redoubt which from the heavy musketry fire and cheering of the 57th I inferred was being attacked by that Regt. The third party of the "advance" and the main body of the 57th commanded (in the absence of Colonel Warre, who was with the two leading parties) by Brevet Lieut. Colonel Logan, had after crossing the river obeyed the instructions they had received, but after replying for some time to a sharp musketry fire opened upon them from the the redoubt and rifle pits near it, they assaulted the work with the bayonet and entering it with a rush, shot down, or bayoneted all who remained inside to defend it. I had the satisfaction of witnessing the gallantry of the 57th at this point and the desperate resistance made by the enemy in their rifle pits. Major Mulock's column arrived at the spot before the contest was terminated but their assistance was not required; and I moved them towards the

Kainga to support the two leading parties of the "advance," who were met returning after burning all the wharres of the Kainga, which had not been entrenched as reported. The enemy had now been driven from every part of his position, and was seen from the *Eclipse* in precipitate flight down the coast, which afforded her an opportunity of throwing a few shells among them.

Knowing that it was hopeless to attempt to overtake any of them, and being desirous that the troops should return to New Plymouth before dark, I withdrew them from the left bank of the Katikara and ordered them to march back to the town, after a short rest. They reached New Plymouth about 5 p.m., and in the twenty hours of their absence, had made a night march of 15 miles, had taken part in an action with the enemy, and had marched back the same distance without a straggler, although many had been on duty the previous night.

Our loss in this engagement was small, as will be seen in the return of the casualties herewith enclosed. Twenty eight of the enemy were found dead inside the redoubt, and one on the road leading to the Kainga, but it is probable that there were many more killed and wounded.

There can be no doubt that the enemy was taken completely by surprise, all the preparations for the march having been kept secret, and he was thrown into confusion by the suddenness and rapidity of the attack.

I cannot speak too highly of the conduct of all the officers and men present in this engagement, or of the conspicuous gallantry displayed by the 57th on whom the brunt of the action fell. The movements of this Regiment were most ably directed by Colonel Warre, whose zeal and activity throughout the action I have had the pleasure of bringing under the favourable notice of the Secretary of State for War and of the Field Marshal Commanding in Chief.

I have also drawn attention to the gallant and meritorious conduct of the officers mentioned in Colonel Warre's clear and interesting report, a copy of which is enclosed, particularly that of Brevet Lieut.-Col. Logan, who commanded at the attack of the redoubt, of Capt. Shortt, and the officers commanding the three parties of the advance viz: Lieuts. Brutton and Waller, and Ensign Duncan.

I have also made favorable mention in my despatch to the Secretary of State for War, of the services of Capt. Mercer, Royal Artillery, whose excellent practice with his Armstrong guns contributed materially to the success of the day; and I have acknowledged myself much indebted for the assistance afforded me in the field, as in all the previous arrangements, by the officers of the

General Staff and of my personal Staff, viz.—Lieut. Colonel Gamble, Deputy Quarter-Master General. Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, Mouat, C.B. Lieut. Col. Hutchins. Assistant Military Secretary, Major McNeill, A.D.C. Brevet Major Paul. Major of Brigade, and my extra Aide-de-camp, Capt. Gorton, 57th Regiment.

Your Excellency having been on board H.M.S. *Eclipse*, had an opportunity of witnessing the effective fire of her heavy guns in aid of the attack of the troops and how much indebted I am to Capt. Mayne, R.N. for his valuable co-operation.

I cannot refrain from mentioning Major Whitmore my former Assistant Military Secretary, who retired not long ago to settle in this colony, and who, happening to arrive at New Plymouth the day before the engagement, insisted on accompanying me into the field. I beg to express an earnest hope that the valuable services of the civilians, honorably mentioned by Col. Warre in his report, may be rewarded as they deserve by the Colonial Government.

I have, &c.,

D. A. CAMERON,

Lieut. General.

Sir George Grey, K.C.B.,

&c., &c., &c.

NOMINAL RETURN OF KILLED AND WOUNDED OF THE 57TH AND 70TH REGIMENT AT "KATIKARA" ON THE 4TH JUNE, 1863.

No.	Name.	Regiment.	Nature of Injury.	Result.
1	Pvt. E. Martin	57th		Killed
2	" H. Shipman	"	Mortally wounded	Since dead
3	" J. Osborne	"	Do.	Do.
4	" P. Flaherty	"	Severely wounded	
5	" J. Evans	"	Do.	
6	" J. Morton	"	Do.	
7	" B. Stagpool	"	Do.	
8	" M. Fox	"	Slightly	
9	" J. Deegan	"	Do.	
10	" D. Hurley	"	Do.	
11	" W. Wallace	70th	Severely.	

JAMES PAUL,  
Major of Brigade.

St. Patrick's Redoubt,

Poutoko, June 4, 1863.

Sir,—I have the honor to report that, in compliance with the instructions received from the Lieut.-General Commanding, I proceeded this morning with the Regiment, strength as shewn in the margin,\* from St.

\* 57th Regiment.—Field Officers, 2; Captains, 3; Subalterns, 8; Staff, 3; Sergeants, 18; Drummers, 9; Rank and file, 353. 70th Regiment.—Sergeants, 1; Rank and file, 9. Totals—Field Officers, 2; Captains, 3; Subalterns, 8; Staff, 3; Sergeants, 19; Drummers, 9; Rank and file, 362.

George's Redoubt at Tataraimaka, to attack the fortified posts of the rebel Maories on the opposite bank of the Katikara river.

Under cover of three guns (Armstrong's) of Captain Mercer's battery of the Royal Artillery, three divisions of selected men, under the command of Lieuts. Brutton and Waller, and Ensign Duncan, were pushed forward, and crossed a broad and very entangled gully, through which the Katikara runs, and ascended the opposite bank, reforming on the crest of the hill, which they were enabled to gain without opposition owing to the admirable manner in which Captain Mercer's guns were served, and the precision of their fire.

H.M.S. "Eclipse," having on board His Excellency the Governor Sir G. Grey, also did good service by the fire of Armstrong shells at the rebel *wharres*, over the heads of the advancing parties. The support of 4 companies, (200 rank and file,) under command of Major and Brevet Lieut.-Colonel Logan followed closely on the attacking parties by the same route.

The enemy opened fire on the "advance" directly they appeared on the level ground; but, instead of replying to this fire, the parties under Lieuts. Brutton and Waller wheeled to the right and extending as far as practicable, pushed across the level ground covered with fern, in many places almost impassable, towards the old pah on the crest of the rising ground, on the left of the mouth of the river, as previously arranged, so as to turn the rifle pits in that position, and open the road leading over the ford at the river's mouth. Although opposed by a considerable number of Maories, these two parties succeeded in driving the rebels from their position, opening the road, and following the Natives a distance of upwards of one mile down the coast, inflicting loss upon the enemy, and destroying many of their *whares*. Meanwhile Ensign Duncan had wheeled his party to the left, as also arranged, and supported by the main body under Lieut.-Col. Logan, pushed on towards a very strongly entrenched position on the summit of a rising ground, about 600 yards to the left of where the parties had crossed the river.

The enemy opened fire from a great number of rifle pits, constructed on every commanding point, and from the continuous and double chain of pits surrounding the *wharre* it was our object to destroy.

Nothing daunted by the serious opposition and the heavy fire of the enemy, Ensign Duncan pushed steadily forward closely followed by the divisions under Captains Shortt and Russell under the immediate command of Lieut. Colonel Logan, and supported by Captain Woodall and Lieut.

Thompson, with the two remaining divisions into which the force was divided. For a few minutes the fire was returned, but finding it of no avail against an almost invisible enemy concealed in rifle pits, the whole rushed forwards, and vied with each other in entering the position, jumping over the rifle pits from which they met with a most determined opposition. The Maories fighting desperately to the last, a hand to hand combat ensued, which was only terminated by the *wharres* catching fire, and burning many of the Maori defenders in the ruins. Twenty-one Maories were taken out of the rifle pits killed, three are known to have been burned in the smaller *wharre*, and four in the larger, and it is believed that several others perished in the flames, which, with the stench arising from the consuming flesh, prevented accurate information being obtained. One Maori was picked up dead on the road, and many more, wounded, escaped and were seen to take refuge, and hide themselves in the fern and bush. Thus in the short space of one hour twenty-two Maories killed, were brought away in carts, as many more were wounded, and destroyed in the burning *wharres*, and a complete victory gained over a savage enemy by the bayonet alone: not over 5 rounds of ammunition per man having been expended in the encounter.

I have to report the loss of one man killed (Private E. Martin, No. 11).

Two men seriously, I fear, dangerously wounded (Private H. Shipman, 568, and Private J. Osborne, 2063); and seven men otherwise slightly wounded (Privates D. Hurley, J. Deegan, J. Evans, J. Morton, P. Flaherty, B. Stagpool and M. Fox)—in all, 1 man killed, and 9 wounded.

The enemy was evidently completely surprised, and were so confused by the admirable manner in which Captain Mercer's Armstrong guns were served, that the fire from the rifle pits was very wild, and it was only at the assault when the enemy were speedily overpowered by numbers, that the serious casualties occurred.

It is impossible to speak in terms of too high praise of the admirable behaviour of the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of the 57th Regt. engaged. The Lieut.-General was himself an eye-witness of the rapid and regular manner in which each party performed the duties allotted to it. I may therefore be pardoned from further allusions to the successful result of these operations in which I naturally, on account of the officers and men engaged, feel such pride, but I trust I may be permitted to bring the names of the following officers and men to the notice of the Lieut.-General Commanding, viz., Major and Brevet-Lieut.

Colonel Logan, Captain Shortt, and Russell, Lieuts. Brutton and Waller, and Ensigns Duncan and Douglass. I fear, in naming the above, I may be, inadvertently, doing injustice to others, as it appears difficult to determine whether Captain Shortt or Ensign Duncan, was first to jump into the redoubt, and they were closely followed by Privates (2700) J. Donaghy and (2189) B. Stagpool, and by the other officers and men. To Lieut. and Adjutant G. M. Clarke, I have to offer my best thanks for his untiring zeal and energy, (for a considerable time on foot, his horse having got away in crossing the ford and gully), and I cannot refrain from bringing to the Lieut.-General's notice the names of three civilians, Ensign Mace, Taranaki Militia, who volunteered his services, and lent me his horse when mine got away in crossing the gully, thereby enabling me to direct a considerable portion of the operations which I could not have done on foot. Mr. R. Parris, Assistant Native Secretary, accompanied the "Advance" parties across the ravine, and the Katikara river, and remained with me during the day. The other civilian is Mr. Arthur Bayley, on whose land the Redoubt now occupied by a portion of the regiment under my command, is built.

Mr. Bayley's knowledge of the locality enabled Lieutenants Brutton and Thompson, on the 18th inst., to cut off a party of Maories killing two, and wounding several others. He led the advanced parties across the gullies this morning, and behaved very gallantly.

I also beg to bring to the Lieutenant General's notice Quarter Master Martindale, who is always ready to accompany the troops into the field, and to whom is due the direction of the transport and carrying out the details of the Quarter Master General's directions regarding the conveyance of ammunition, and stores to St. George's Redoubt earlier in the night.

Serjeant Cleary and nine men of the 70th Regt. were attached to Ensign Duncan's party of Volunteers, and rendered good service. One of this party was wounded in the attack on the entrenched wharfe (Private W. Wallace, 70th Regt. 3517).

Apologising for the length of this report which the detail renders necessary,

I have, &c.,

HENRY J. WARRE,

Colonel Commanding 57th Regt. and outposts.

As I consider Mr. Mace's conduct deserves special notice. I beg to state that he has lately been in charge of the Mounted Orderlies, is an Ensign in the Taranaki Militia, and has frequently been of great

service to me since I have been in command of the Outposts. His courage is proverbial, and I myself saw him gallop after 3 or 4 Maories, and shoot one of them.

I append a sketch of the operations, and short report from Capt. Shortt, who led the advances on the left.

H. J. WARRE,

Colonel.

The Assistant Military Secretary,  
&c., &c., &c.

Head Quarters.

St. George's Redoubt,

June 4th, 1863.

Sir,—I have the honor to report that I marched with my company and three others of the 57th regiment at daybreak this morning, acting as a reserve to the parties under Lieuts. Brutton and Waller.

After the guns had fired a few rounds, the companies crossed a deep gully in succession, and ascended the high ground in the direction of the enemy's position. I extended my company, and with other men I picked up, went straight at what appeared to be a small redoubt. Private Donaghy of my company and I were the first to enter the place, closely followed by Lieut.-Colonel Logan and Captain Russell.

On our first advance we were received with a very heavy fire, which killed one man and wounded several of our party.

The enemy made a very determined resistance, and stood upon the parapets to receive us, and were bayoneted there by our men.

I have, &c.,

W. A. SHORTT,

Captain 57th Regt.

Colonel Warre, C.B.,

Commanding 57th Regt.

Respecting entrance to Manukau Harbor.

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Auckland, 14th June, 1863.

THE following letter, with its enclosure, from Capt. Mayne, R. N., H.M.S. *Eclipse*, relative to the Entrance to the Manukau Harbor, is published for general information.

Copies of the plan referred to in Captain Mayne's letter can be obtained on application at Mr. Chapman's, Queen-street, Auckland.

ALFRED DOMETT.

H.M. Ship *Eclipse*,

Taranaki, 26th May, 1863.

Sir,—Herewith I have the honor to transmit for your information a Plan shewing the deepest water channel, at the present time, into the Manukau.

2. The edges of the Banks, which have altered their position, are only approximately fixed, and therefore while sufficiently accurate for steamers and vessels with a leading wind,

they should not be trusted to by vessels having to beat in.

3. The rough sketch at the foot of the Plan shows the leading mark, quite clearly enough to guide a Seaman, and the enclosed direction is all that can be given with our present knowledge of the place.

I have, &c.,  
RICHARD C. MAYNE,  
Commander and Senior Naval Officer  
in New Zealand.

His Excellency  
Sir George Grey, K.C.B.  
Governor,  
&c., &c., &c.

*New Zealand, North Island, West Coast.*

**DIRECTIONS FOR CROSSING THE MANUKAU BAR.**

Bring the Nine Pin Rock on with the Inner South Point on bearing E.N.E. (magnetic) and steer straight for it, crossing the bar on that line.

As soon as the bar is crossed the water deepens to 7 or 8 fathoms and the course should be gradually altered to E. by N. easterly till the Nine Pin is on with the Signal Station when haul up so as to pass clear of Paratutai.

If Parera Island is visible it will bear North when inside the bar.

Though the above direction is correct for the present time the signals from the Station, must always be attended to, as the banks are said to shift continually. Until it is buoyed the South Channel should never be taken by a stranger.

RICH. C. MAYNE,  
Commander and Senior Naval Officer  
in New Zealand.

**PROVINCE OF AUCKLAND.**

*Acts left to their operation.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Auckland, 15th June, 1863.

THE following Acts passed by the Provincial Council of the Province of Auckland, intituled,—

- "The South and Onehunga Roads Loan Act, 1863,"
- "The City Board Loan Act, 1863,"
- "The Turnpike Act, 1863, Amendment Act,"
- "The Appropriation Act, 1863,"
- "The Empowering Act, 1863,"
- "The Licensing Act, 1863, Amendment Act,"
- "The Interpretation Act, 1863,"
- "The Highways Act, 1862, Amendment Act,"
- "The Repealing Act, 1863,"
- "The Telegraph Protection Act, 1863,"
- "The Auctioneers Licensing Act, 1863,"
- "The Sheep Act, 1863,"
- "The Harbour Debt Act, 1863,"
- "The Town Boards Act, 1862, Repealing Act,"
- "The City Board Act, 1863,"

having been laid before the Governor, His Excellency has been pleased to leave the same to their operation.

ALFRED DOMETT.

**PROVINCE OF AUCKLAND.**

*Act assented to.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Auckland, 15th June, 1863.

THE following Bill passed by the Provincial Council of the Province of Auckland, intituled,—

"The Gas Company Lease Act, 1863,"

which Bill was reserved for the signification of the Governor's pleasure thereon, having been laid before the Governor, His Excellency has been pleased to assent to the same.

ALFRED DOMETT.

*Emigration Officer appointed.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Auckland, 15th June, 1863.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

EDWIN RICH, Esq.,

to be Emigration Officer at the Port of Molyneux.

ALFRED DOMETT.

**PROVINCE OF MARLBOROUGH.**

*Acts assented to.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Auckland, 15th June, 1863.

THE following Bills passed by the Provincial Council of the Province of Marlborough, intituled.

"The Appropriation Act," and  
"The Indemnity Bill,"

which Bills were reserved for the signification of the Governor's pleasure thereon, having been laid before the Governor, His Excellency has been pleased to assent to the same.

ALFRED DOMETT.

*Governor's powers under "Diseased Cattle Act 1861" delegated to the respective Superintendents of the Provinces of Hawke's Bay, Canterbury, and Otago.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Auckland, 9th June, 1863.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to delegate, under the "Diseased Cattle Act, 1861," to the respective Superintendents of the Provinces of Hawke's Bay, Canterbury, and Otago, the several powers vested in the Governor by the 2nd, 4th, 5th, 7th, 9th, and 10th sections of the said Act, subject to be rescinded, as in the said Act provided, and subject to the Regulations contained in the Order in Council dated 15th September, 1862.

ALFRED DOMETT.

*Governor's powers under "Waste Lands Act, 1858" delegated to the Superintendent of the Province of Hawke's Bay.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Auckland, 9th June 1863.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to delegate under the "Waste Lands Act, 1858," to the Superintendent of the Province of Hawke's Bay, the powers vested in the Governor by section 14 of the said Act, without any limitation or restriction.

ALFRED DOMETT

*Appointment of Mercantile Assessors under the "Debtors and Creditors Act 1862."*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Auckland, 9th June, 1863.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentlemen to be Mercantile Assessors under "The Debtors and Creditors Act, 1862," for the respective Provinces set opposite their names:—

Walter Grahame, Esq.	Auckland.
Richard Ridings, Esq.	
David Graham, Esq.	
John Anderson Gilfillan, Esq.	
James Kelham, Esq.	Wellington.
Jonas Woodward, Esq.	
William Best, Esq.	
John Yule, Esq.	
George Bennett, Esq.	Nelson.
Oswald Curtis, Esq.	
John Johnston Fletcher, Esq.	
Arthur Wm. Scaife, Esq.	
George Buckley, Esq.	Canterbury.
J. Drummond Macpherson, Esq.	
Thomas Ritchie, Esq.	
William Day, Esq.	
Arthur Wm. Morris, Esq.	Otago.
Charles Henry Street, Esq.	
Martin Sholl, Esq.	
George Septimus Brodrick, Esq.	

ALFRED DOMETT.

*Returning Officers appointed.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Auckland, 15th June, 1863.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Returning Officers for the Election of Members of the Provincial Council of Hawke's Bay, for the Electoral Districts set opposite their names:—

John Curling, Esquire, Town of Napier, Napier Country, Clive,  
George Sisson Cooper, Esquire, Te Aute,  
Frederick John Tiffen, Esquire, Waimarama,  
John Russell Duncan, Esquire, Waipukurau,  
William Henry Hunter, Esquire, Porangahau,  
Robert Riddell, Esquire, Mohaka.

ALFRED DOMETT.

*Principal Returning Officer appointed.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Auckland, 15th June, 1863.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

COURTENAY W. A. T. KENNY, Esq.,  
to be principal Returning Officer for the Province of Marlborough.

ALFRED DOMETT.

*G. Scoones and L. P. Stevens, appointed Pilots.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Auckland, 9th June, 1863.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

GEORGE SCOONES, and  
LAWRENCE PETER STEVENS,  
to be Pilots for the Port of Dunedin.

ALFRED DOMETT.

*Appointment of Visiting Justices to Public Gaol, Taranaki.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Judicial Department,  
Auckland, 6th June, 1863.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

JOSIAH FLIGHT, Esq., J.P., and  
ROBERT FARRIS, Esq., J.P.,  
to be Visiting Justices to the Public Gaols in the Province of Taranaki, in pursuance of the "Prisons Ordinance," Sess. vii., No. 7.

ALFRED DOMETT.

*Erratum.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Judicial Department,  
Auckland, 14th June, 1863.

**I**N Gazette No. 13, of the 10th April, 1863, folio 134, under heading "Justice of the Peace appointed," for "28th March, 1863," read "23rd March, 1863."

A. DOMETT.

*W. C. Daldy, Esq., appointed Crown Lands Commissioner.*

Crown Lands Office,  
Auckland, 9th June, 1863.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

WILLIAM CRUSH DALDY, Esq., J.P.,  
to be a Commissioner of Crown Lands, under the provisions of the "Crown Lands Act, 1862."

ALFRED DOMETT.

**WARRANT**

*Appointing Trustees of Savings' Bank at Napier.*

By His Excellency Sir GEORGE GREY,  
Knight Commander of the Most

Honorable Order of the Bath,  
Governor and Commander-in-  
Chief in and over Her Majesty's  
Colony of New Zealand and its  
Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral  
of the same, &c., &c.

**I**N exercise of the power vested in me by  
the "Savings' Bank Act, 1858," I, Sir  
George Grey, the Governor of the Colony of  
New Zealand, do hereby nominate and ap-  
point the persons hereinafter named to be  
Trustees of the Napier Savings' Bank,  
namely:—

J. Anderson,	J. D. Ormond,
S. Begg,	J. Rhodes,
J. C. L. Carter,	H. R. Russell,
M. Fitzgerald,	F. Sutton,
J. B. Ferguson,	J. A. Smith,
J. G. Gordon,	J. M. Stuart,
J. G. Kinross,	J. H. Vautier,
A. Kennedy,	J. Wood,
W. Miller,	J. Wilkinson,
	W. Maltby.

Given under my hand, at New Ply-  
mouth, this 18th day of May,  
1863.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,  
READER WOOD.

POSTAL.

*Appointment of Postmasters.*

General Post Office,  
Auckland, 11th June, 1863.

**I**N virtue of the powers delegated to me by  
His Excellency the Governor, the following  
appointments have been made in the service of  
the Colony.

*Otago.*

FRANCIS FERGUSON,  
to be Postmaster at Teviot Junction from the  
1st May, 1863.

*Nelson.*

ROBERT EDMUNDS,  
to be Postmaster at Suburban North.

*Southland.*

HENRY CASSELLS,  
to be Postmaster at Otautau from the 1st  
May, 1863.

JAMES LINDSAY,  
to be Postmaster at Waianiwa from the 1st  
May, 1863.

FRANK PELLING,  
to be Postmaster at Wallace Town from the  
1st May, 1863.

DANIEL MORTON,  
to be Postmaster at Gore (Mataura) from the  
1st May, 1863.

JOHN BONNER WADROP,  
to be Postmaster at Long Bush from the 1st  
May, 1863.

*Wellington.*

JOHN BROWN READING,  
to be Postmaster at Karori from the 1st July,  
1863.

*Auckland.*

JAMES MORTIMER MACDONALD,  
to be Postmaster at Whitianga from the 1st  
July, 1863.

READER WOOD,  
For the Postmaster-General.

POSTAL.

*Money Order Branch.*

General Post Office,  
Auckland, 4th June, 1863.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that His Excel-  
lency the Governor has been pleased to  
appoint the Post Office at QUEENSTOWN, in  
the Province of Otago, to be a Money Order  
Office for the issue and payment of Money  
Orders.

READER WOOD,  
For the Postmaster-General.

*Appointing Bluff Harbour a Port for the  
Exportation of Gold.*

Office of Commissioner of Customs,  
Auckland, 9th June, 1863.

**I**T is hereby notified that the Port of Bluff  
Harbour is constituted a Port from  
whence Gold may be exported from this Colony,  
under the Regulations contained in the Pro-  
clamation of the 26th January, 1860.

READER WOOD.

*John Allen, Esq., appointed Licensing  
Officer under "Arms Act, 1860."*

Office of Commissioner of Customs,  
Auckland, 3rd June, 1863.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been  
pleased to appoint

JOHN ALLEN, ESQ.,  
Collector of Customs at Picton, to be a Li-  
censing Officer, under the provisions of the  
"Arms Act, 1860," vice J. R. Gard, Esq.  
READER WOOD.

*Robert Farris, Esq., appointed Licensing  
Officer under "Arms Act, 1860."*

Office of Commissioner of Customs,  
Auckland, 3rd June, 1863.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been  
pleased to appoint

ROBERT PARRIS, ESQ.,  
Assistant Native Secretary, New Plymouth,  
to be a Licensing Officer, under the provisions  
of the "Arms Act, 1860."  
READER WOOD.

*Mr. D. Johnston, jun., appointed Licensing  
Officer at Collingwood.*

Office of Commissioner of Customs,  
Auckland, 4th June, 1863.

**H**IS Excellency the Governor has been  
pleased to appoint

Mr. DAVID JOHNSTON, jun.,  
Officer in charge of H. M. Customs at Col-  
lingwood, to be a Licensing Officer under the

provisions of the "Arms Act, 1860," vice Mr. G. C. Lemming.

READER WOOD.

*Notice to Claimants under the "Pensioner Claims Act, 1861."*

THE Claims of the undermentioned persons will be investigated at the Sheriff's Office, Auckland, on the days stated below.

Each claimant will attend at that place on the day stated opposite his name, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

L. O'BRIEN,  
Commissioner.

Auckland, 11th June, 1863.

Name.	Residence.	Day of hearing.
Dennis Bryan .....	Auckland	Monday, 29th June, 1863.
Thomas Coleman .....	Auckland	
Margaret Thompson, widow and representative of James Thompson, deceased .....	Howick	
Ralph Scott .....	Onehunga	
Agnes Price or Rice, widow and representative of Michael Price or Rice, deceased .....	Auckland	
Edmond Hynes .....	Onehunga	
Mary Ann Concannon, daughter of Daniel Concannon, deceased .....	Howick	
Ann Faulkes, widow and representative of Robert Faulkes, deceased .....	Howick	
John Wood .....	Howick	
Bernard Tymond .....	Onehunga	
Ellen Clifford, widow and representative of David Clifford, deceased .....	Auckland	Tuesday, 30th June, 1863.
William Ingeam .....	Onehunga	
James Dean .....	Onehunga	
Caroline Baron, widow and representative of Cormick Egan, deceased .....	Onehunga	
Mary Jane Wood, daughter and representative of Thomas Wood, deceased .....	Onehunga	
Thomas Lucas .....	Onehunga	
Richard Renshaw .....	Onehunga	
James Hutchinson .....	Onehunga	
John Hill .....	Onehunga	
Margaret Keeting, widow and representative of James Keeting, deceased .....	Auckland	
John Ashdown .....	Onehunga	Wednesday, 1st July, 1863.
William Breen .....	Otahuhu	
Mary Gavin, widow and representative of Thomas Gavin, deceased .....	Auckland	
John Clark .....	Auckland	
John Roche .....	Papatoitoti	
William Corney .....	Howick	
Henry Edwin Spare .....	Auckland	
John Martin .....	Otahuhu	
Henry Rowe .....	Howick	
James Kelly .....	Auckland	

*Notice under Joint Stock Companies Act, 1860.*

Office of Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Auckland, June 8th, 1863.

I, JOHN BOYLE BENNETT, Registrar of Joint Stock Companies for the Provinces of Auckland and Hawke's Bay in the colony of New Zealand, do hereby certify that I have registered a Memorandum of Association, with Articles of Association, establishing a Company (with limited liability of the Shareholders therein), entitled,

"THE ENGINEERS' MINING COMPANY, LIMITED,"

the objects of which are, "the working and mining of a Gold Bearing Quartz Reef at Coromandel, in the Province of Auckland, belonging to the Company, and contained in the Claim known as the "Claim No. 1, Main Creek," and such other Claims and parts of Claims as the Company may from time to time acquire, and obtaining or extracting Gold and other minerals from the same, with or without machinery, and by any means that may be considered proper, and the doing all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects":—

And that in pursuance of the provisions of "The Joint Stock Companies Act, 1860," I have issued a Certificate of Incorporation of the said Company, bearing date this eighth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

JOHN B. BENNETT,  
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

CUSTOMS.

*Notice of Bonded Warehouse at Auckland.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Wooden Shed situated in Mr. Hobson's yard, Shortland-street, Auckland, and in the occupation of Mr. William Hobson, has been approved under the 11th clause of the "Customs Regulation Act, 1858," to be a Warehouse for the reception of bottled and draught beer under bond. This Shed forms part of the stack of Warehouses known as

*Hobson's Warehouse.*

W. YOUNG,  
Deputy Commissioner of Customs.

Customs, Auckland,  
4th June, 1863.

NEW ZEALAND MAIL STEAM SERVICE TIME TABLES.

General Post Office,  
Auckland, June 10th, 1863.

THE following Time Tables of New Zealand Inter-Colonial and Inter-Provincial Steam Postal Services are published for general information.

READER WOOD,  
(For the Postmaster-General.)

INTER-COLONIAL.

“ALDINGA.”

MELBOURNE AND PORT CHALMERS,

CALLING AT THE BLUFF,

*For the third three trips of the year 1863.*

Ports.	Date.	Date.	Date.
Melbourne, leave .....	9th July (1)	9th August (1)	9th Sept. (1)
Port Chalmers, leave .....	18th “	18th “	18th “

(1) To remain until the 11th in case of non-arrival of the P. and O. Company's Mail Steamer with the English Mail.

“CLAUD HAMILTON.”

SYDNEY AND AUCKLAND.

*For the third three trips of the Year 1863.*

Ports.	Date.	Date.	Date.
Sydney, leave .....	15th July	15th August	15th September
Auckland, arrive .....	22nd “	22nd “	22nd “
Auckland, leave .....	1st August	1st September	1st October
Sydney, arrive .....	8th “	8th “	8th “

## "PRINCE ALFRED."

From Sydney to Cook's Straits, proceeding to Lyttelton and back; reaching Sydney in time for the P. and O. Company's Mail Steamer, which leaves on the 22nd of each month.

*For the third three trips of the year 1863.*

Ports.	Date.	Date.	Date.
Sydney, leave .....	25th June	25th July	25th August
Nelson, " .....	4th July	4th August	4th September
Picton " .....	6th "	5th "	5th "
Wellington, " .....	8th "	7th "	7th "
Lyttelton, " .....	10th "	10th "	10th "
Nelson, " .....	13th "	13th "	13th "
Sydney, arrive .....	20th "	20th "	20th "

## INTER-PROVINCIAL.

## BOAT No. 1.—LORD ASHLEY."

From Auckland to Port Chalmers and back, via EAST COAST, carrying the English Mails for transmission by the Aldinga, which reaches Melbourne in time for the P. and O. Company's Mail Steamer leaving on the 26th of each month.

Ports.	Date.	Date.	Date.
Auckland, leave .....	6th July	6th August	7th September
Napier, " .....	9th "	9th "	10th "
Wellington, arrive .....	10th "	10th "	11th "
Wellington, leave.....	13th "	12th "	12th "
Lyttelton, " .....	15th "	15th "	15th "
Port Chalmers, arrive .....	16th "	16th "	16th "
Port Chalmers, leave .....	18th " (1)	18th " (1)	18th " (1)
Lyttelton, leave .....	20th "	20th "	21st "
Wellington, arrive .....	21st "	21st "	22nd "
Wellington, leave .....	23rd "	22nd "	23rd "
Napier, " .....	25th "	25th "	25th "
Auckland, arrive .....	27th "	27th "	27th "

(1) In case of the non-arrival of the English Mail at Port Chalmers before, this boat can wait until the 25th, and when such delay takes place she will as a rule remain no longer at the intermediate Ports than is necessary to deliver and receive Mails.

**BOAT No. 2.—“WONGA WONGA,” “STORM BIRD,”  
OR “LADY BIRD.”**

Frm Wellington to Manukau and back, calling at Picton, Nelson and Taranaki; this boat reaches Nelson on her Southward trip in time for English Mails to be sent by the “Prince Alfred,” which arrives in Sydney prior to the departure of the P. and O. Company’s Mail Steamer on the 22nd of each month.

Ports.	Date.	Date.	Date.
Wellington, leave.....	29th July	29th August	29th September
Picton, “ .....	30th “	31st “	30th “
Nelson, “ .....	2nd August	2nd September	2nd “
Taranaki, “ .....	3rd “	3rd “	3rd “
Manukau, arrive .....	4th “	4th “	4th “
Manukau, leave .....	7th “	7th “	7th “
Taranaki, “ .....	8th “	8th “	8th “
Nelson, arrive .....	9th “	9th “	9th “
Nelson, leave .....	10th “	10th “	10th “
Picton, “ .....	11th “	11th “	11th “
Wellington, arrive .....	11th “	11th “	11th “

**BOAT No. 3.—“AIREDALE.”**

FROM MANUKAU TO THE BLUFF AND BACK *via* COOK STRAITS.

Ports.	Date.	Date.	Date.
Manukau, leave .....	24th July	24th August	24th September
Taranaki, “ .....	25th “	25th “	25th “
Nelson, “ .....	27th “	27th “	26th “
Picton, “ .....	28th “	28th “	28th “
Wellington, “ .....	30th “	29th “	29th “
Lyttelton, “ .....	1st August	1st September	1st October
Port Chalmers, leave .....	3rd “	3rd “	3rd “
Bluff, arrive .....	4th “	4th “	4th “
Bluff, leave .....	5th “	5th “	5th “

